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hemodynamically stable patient's cutaneous carbon dioxide tension as an adjunct to arterial carbon dioxide tension measurement.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

[54 FR 27160, June 28, 1989]

§868.2500 Cutaneous oxygen monitor.

- (a) Cutaneous oxygen monitor for an infant patient who is not under gas anesthesia—(1) Identification. A cutaneous oxygen monitor for an infant patient who is not under gas anesthesia is a device that uses a noninvasive sensor (e.g., a Clark-type polarographic electrode) placed on the patient's skin and that is intended to monitor relative changes in the cutaneous oxygen tension in an infant patient who is not under gas anesthesia.
- (2) Classification. Class II (performance standards).
- (b) Cutaneous oxygen monitor for all other uses—(1) Identification. A cutaneous oxygen monitor for all other uses is a device that uses a noninvasive sensor (e.g., a Clark-type polarographic electrode) placed on the patient's skin and that is intended to monitor relative changes in the cutaneous oxygen tension in a noninfant patient or in any patient, including an infant, who is under gas anesthesia.
- (2) Classification. Class III (premarket approval).
- (c) Date PMA or notice of completion of a PDP is required. No effective date has been established of the requirement for premarket approval for the device described in paragraph (b)(1). See §868.3.

 $[47\ FR\ 31142,\ July\ 16,\ 1982,\ as\ amended\ at\ 52\ FR\ 17735,\ May\ 11,\ 1987]$

§868.2550 Pneumotachometer.

- (a) Identification. A pneumotachometer is a device intended for medical purposes that is used to determine gas flow by measuring the pressure differential across a known resistance. The device may use a set of capillaries or a metal screen for the resistive element.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§868.2600 Airway pressure monitor.

- (a) *Identification*. An airway pressure monitor is a device used to measure the pressure in a patient's upper airway. The device may include a pressure gauge and an alarm.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§868.2610 Gas pressure gauge.

- (a) *Identification*. A gas pressure gauge (e.g., bourdon tube pressure gauge) is a device intended for medical purposes that is used to measure gas pressure in a medical gas delivery system.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.
- [47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1119, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38794, July 25, 2001]

§868.2620 Gas pressure calibrator.

- (a) *Identification*. A gas pressure calibrator is a device intended for medical purposes that is used to calibrate pressure-measuring instruments by generating a known gas pressure.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1119, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38794, July 25, 2001]

§868.2700 Pressure regulator.

- (a) Identification. A pressure regulator is a device, often called a pressure-reducing valve, that is intended for medical purposes and that is used to convert a medical gas pressure from a high variable pressure to a lower, more constant working pressure. This device includes mechanical oxygen regulators.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.
- [47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1119, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38794, July 25, 2001]